

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

PRODUCT: PF 653C SELF ETCHING PRIMER

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier..... PF 653C SELF ETCHING PRIMER

Other means of identification

Mixture.

Initial supplier identifier.....

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive

Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5 Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189

24 hour emergency number:.....

For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC);

IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTRÉC 1-800-424-9300. ** For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre **.

NFPA rating...... Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0.

HMIS...... H: 2 F: 4 R: 0.

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Hazard Classification	Flammable Liquid 2. Acute Toxicity (Dermal) — Category 4. Skin Corrosion — Category 1. Serious Eye Damage — Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 3. (narcotic effects). (respiratory system). Reproductive Toxicity — Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 2.
Signal Word	DANGER.
Hazard Description	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. H371 May cause damage to organs.
Prevention	P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof
	equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat drink or smoke while using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
Response	P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P310 - Immediately call your local poison control centre. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P301 + P330 + P331 If Swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P308 + P311 If exposed or concerned; call a poison center or doctor. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	P233 Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 Store in well ventilated area. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.
DisposalNote	

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS#	WT. %	
Acetone	67-64-1	65-85	
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	10-30	
Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	1-5	
Methanol	67-56-1	1-5	
Phosphoric Acid	7664-38-2	3-7	
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	0.5-1.5	

<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>>

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Skin contact	Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. Obtain medical attention immediately. Chemical burns must be treated immediately by a physician.
Eye contact	
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed	
Additional information	Treat victims symptomatically. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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Specific hazards arising from thehazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products

Special protective equipment andprecautions for fire-fighters

"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) preferred. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet. Extremely flammable. Acetone is a highly flammable liquid. It is easily ignited in the

presence of heat, an ignition source such as a naked flame or a spark (including electrostatic discharge). Aqueous solutions of acetone can also ignite. Acetone vapors are heavier than air and can travel a long distance to an ignition source and cause flashback. Thermal decomposition products are toxic. May include:. Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Oxides of phosphorous. Formaldehyde.

Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control.

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protectiveequipment and emergency procedures

Extremely flammable liquid. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Equipment should be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material. Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up



SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak/spill..... Evacuate

Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Avoid all personal contact. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Wear recommended protective equipment. Use explosion-proof or hand pumps and non-sparking tools and equipment. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material. Contain the spill. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste container. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling.....

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool and dry place, for product integrity. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight. Keep container closed when not in use.

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	TWA	CGIH TLV STEL	OSH PEL	A PEL STEL	NIOSH REL	
Acetone	250 ppm TLV	500 ppm (TWA); 750ppm (STEL)	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm	
Ethyl Alcohol	1,000 ppm CA ON: 1,000 ppi	Not established	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm	
Butyl Alcohol	20 ppm CA ON: 20 ppm (Not established	100 ppm	Not established	50 ppm skin	
Methanol	200 ppm	250 ppm skin	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm / STEL 250 ppm	
Phosphoric Acid	1 mg/m3	(TWA), 250 ppm (STEL) 3 mg/m3 (TWA), 3 mg/m3(STEL)	1 mg/m3	3 mg/m3	1 mg/m3	
Ethyl Acetate	400 ppm CA ON: 400 ppm	Not established	400 ppm	Not established	400 ppm	
Appropriate engineering controls		Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.				
Personal Protective Equ		Chemical safety goggles.	·		if splash hazard	
Gloves/ typeexists. Wear skin protection equipe the nature of the work to be substances, the protection			ipment. The selection of skin protection equipment depends on be performed. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several on time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. The mmended:. Butyl rubber. Contact glove supplier for			
Footwear/type	Clothing/type			erly fitted respirator		
Other/type Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Employees should their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products.			loyees should wash s.			

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical stateColour	Liquid. Clear, colourless.
Odour threshold (ppm)	Pungent odour. Alcohol odour. Not available.
pH Melting / Freezing point (deg C)	Not available.
Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C). Flash point (deg C), method Evaporation rate	> 56 °C. (acetone). -18°C. (estimate; lowest flash point ingredient). Not available.
Flammability (solids and gases) Upper flammable limit (% vol)	Flammable liquid. 36.
Lower flammable limit (% vol) Vapour pressure (mm Hg)	1.5. Not available.
Vapour density (air=1)	Not available. 0.815.
Pounds / USGSolubility	6.80. Soluble.
Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water	Not available.
Auto ignition temperature (deg C)	Not available. Not available. Not available. 21.33.
VOC (less water)	1.36 lbs/USG; 163 g/L.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Product is stable; hazardous polymerization will not occur. Chemical stability..... Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Possibility of hazardous reactions..... Conditions to avoid, including static Avoid heat, spark, open flames. Electrostatic charge. discharge, shock or vibration Incompatible materails..... Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Reducing agents. Acetone may ignite or react violently with strong oxidizing agents, such as chromic acid, chromium trioxide, chromyl chloride, hot nitric acid, potassium permanganate (in an alkaline medium), or peroxides. Metals. Florine. Sulphur trioxide. Hazardous decomposition products...... No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly. See hazardous combustion products section 5.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS		LC50	LD50		
Acetone		50,100 mg/m3 8 hours, rat	5,800 mg/kg (rat oral)		
Ethyl Alcohol		20,000 ppm 10 hours rat	3,400 mg/kg oral mouse		
Butyl Alcohol		8,000 ppm 4 hours	790 mg/kg rat oral 3,400 mg/kg rabbit dermal		
Methanol		128.2 mg/L, 4h rat	420 mg/kg (oral); 5,628 mg/kg (rat oral); 15,800 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)		
Phosphoric Acid		1.689 mg/L 1 hour rabbit	1,530 mg/kg rat oral 2,740 mg/kg rabbit dermal		
Ethyl Acetate		16,000 ppm 6 hours rat	5,600 mg/kg (rat oral)		
Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE)					
Skin contactSkin absorption	 Can cause chemical burns. Can cause moderate irritation, defatting and dermatitis. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. 				
Eye contactIngestion	 Can cause burns. Can cause redness, irritation, tissue destruction. May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Swallowing causes inebriation, headache, vomiting, leading to severe illness, blindness, even death. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Aspiration of material into lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. 				
Inhalation (acute)					

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation (chronic)..... Chronic exposure to organic solvent vapors have been associated with various neurotoxic effects including permanent brain and/or nervous system damage, kidney, liver, blood

damage and reproductive effects among women. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, headache, impaired memory, loss of coordination, insomnia and

breathing difficulties.

Effects of chronic exposure..... Breathing high concentrations of vapour may cause anesthetic effects and serious health

effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful

or fatal.

Reproductive effects..... Methanol is teratogenic and embryotoxic in animals.

Ethyl Alcohol is classified as an A3 known animal carcinogen and is listed by IARC in Carcinogenicity of material.....

Group 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory

irritation.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product data not available. Persistence and degradability..... Product data not available. Bioaccumulative potential..... Product data not available. Product data not available. Mobility in soil.....

Other adverse effects..... Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal. and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG Classification..... UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - This product meets

the Limited Quantity exemption when packaged in containers less than 5 liters

UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - Ltd Qty (1 litre). DOT Classification (Road).....

Refer to 49CRF 172.101 for additional non-bulk packaging requirements. UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II. Limited Quantity. IATA Classification (Air).....

Do not ship by air without checking appropriate IATA regulations.
UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - EmS: F-E S-E.

IMDG Classification (Marine).....

Check IMDG regulations for limited quantity exemptions.

Marine Pollutant..... No.

Proof of Classification..... In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct. .

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

On Domestic Substances List (DSL). CEPA status.....

All components are either listed or exempt from the TSCA. . TSCA inventory status.....

OSHA..... This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

SARA Title III

Section 302 - extremely hazardous None.

substances

Section 311/312 - hazard categories.......

Section 313.....EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS)

40CFR63

California Proposition 65.....

Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.

Butyl alcohol. Methanol.

Methanol.

***! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. (Methanol).

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

REGULATORY AFFAIRS. Trivalent Data Systems Ltd. www.trivalent.com. Prepared by: Telephone number:..... (800) 387-7981.

DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed Disclaimer:.... to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer: ones which

ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process. 2021-03-01

Date of the latest revision of the safety .. data sheet

