

# **Safety Data Sheet**

Copyright, 2018, 3M Canada Company

All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

 Document group:
 27-5349-9
 Version number:
 4.01

 Issue Date:
 2018/10/05
 Supercedes Date:
 2017/04/12

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations.

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Semi-Rigid Parts/SMC/Fiberglass Repair Adhesive-1 Minute PN 08235 Part B

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

LB-K100-0745-6 LB-K100-0910-6

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

### **Intended Use**

Automotive

### Specific Use

Body and Structural Repair

### Restrictions on use

Not applicable

### 1.3. Supplier's details

**Company:** 3M Canada Company **Division:** Automotive Aftermarket

Address: 1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1

**Telephone:** (800) 364-3577 **Website:** www.3M.ca

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone: (519) 451-2500, Ext. 2222; Transportation Emergency Telephone (CANUTEC): (613) 996-6666

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Respiratory Sensitizer: Category 1. Skin Sensitizer: Category 1. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2. Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

# 2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

**Symbols** 

Health Hazard

#### **Pictograms**



#### **Hazard statements**

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: respiratory system

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Wear protective gloves. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### **Response:**

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### Storage:

Store locked up.

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

### 2.3. Other hazards

None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt	Common Name
Polyether Polyol	Trade Secret	30 - 60	Not Applicable
Polyol	Trade Secret	15 - 40	Not Applicable
Talc	14807-96-6	15 - 40 Trade Secret *	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)
Urethane Prepolymer	Trade Secret	3 - 7	Not Applicable
Clay	71011-24-0	1 - 5	Quaternary ammonium compounds,

			benzyl(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethyl, chlorides, compds. with bentonite
Polypropylene Glycol Glycerol Triether	25791-96-2	1 - 5	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha."-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[.omegahydroxy-
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *	Carbon black
PIPERAZINE	110-85-0	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *	Piperazine

Polyether Polyol is a non-hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria.

Polyol is a non-hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria.

Urethane Prepolymer is a non-hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalations

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

### **Eye Contact:**

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Hydrocarbons	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion

.....

<sup>\*</sup>The actual concentration of this ingredient has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed to prevent contamination with water or air. If contamination is suspected, do not reseal container. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	<b>Additional Comments</b>
PIPERAZINE	110-85-0	ACGIH	TWA(as piperazine, inhalable	Dermal/Respiratory
			fraction & amp; vapor):0.03	Sensitizer
			ppm	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):3	
			mg/m3	
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	
			mg/m3	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

\_\_\_\_\_

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

**Indirect Vented Goggles** 

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile Rubber

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron – Nitrile

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure: Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid
Specific Physical Form: Viscou

Appearance/Odour Slight ammonia like odour black colour.

Odour thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNot ApplicableMelting point/Freezing pointNot ApplicableBoiling pointNo Data Available

Flash Point > 94 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]

**Evaporation rate** < 1 [Ref Std:ETHER=1]

Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammable Limits(LEL)

Flammable Limits(UEL)

Vapour Pressure

Not Applicable

No Data Available

<= 13.3 Pa

Vapour Density >= 1 [Ref Std:AIR=1]

**Density** 1.2 g/ml

**Relative density** 1 - 1.2 [*Ref Std:* WATER=1]

Water solubility No Data Available

\_

Solubility- non-water Negligible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data AvailableViscosityNo Data Available

Volatile Organic Compounds9 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]Volatile Organic Compounds0.7 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]

**Percent volatile** 0.69 % weight

**VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** 9 g/l [*Test Method*:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

High shear and high temperature conditions

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids
Strong bases
Strong oxidizing agents
Alcohols
Water

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SubstanceConditionAldehydesNot SpecifiedHydrogen CyanideNot Specified

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

\_\_\_\_

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Allergic Respiratory Reaction: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Vapours released during curing may cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

#### **Additional Health Effects:**

#### Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests.

### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Talc	14807-96-6	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

#### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Polyether Polyol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Polyether Polyol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,500 mg/kg
Talc	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Urethane Prepolymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Urethane Prepolymer	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Polypropylene Glycol Glycerol Triether	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Polypropylene Glycol Glycerol Triether	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 50  mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Polypropylene Glycol Glycerol Triether	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,600 mg/kg
PIPERAZINE	Dermal		estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
PIPERAZINE	Inhalation-		estimated to be > 12.5 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
PIPERAZINE	Ingestion		estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg

\_

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

#### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Polyether Polyol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polypropylene Glycol Glycerol Triether	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Polyether Polyol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polypropylene Glycol Glycerol Triether	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation

### **Skin Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Respiratory Sensitization** 

Name	Species	Value
Talc	Human	Not classified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Name	Route	Value
Talc	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Carbon Black	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Carbon Black	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Talc	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Carbon Black	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

reproducer e una, or Bever	pinentur Bireets				
Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure
					Duration
Talc	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600	during
				mg/kg	organogenesi
					S

### Target Organ(s)

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure
						Duration

Page: 8 of 10

Talc	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
			prolonged or repeated exposure		available	exposure
Talc	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 18	113 weeks
		respiratory system			mg/m3	
Carbon Black	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
		•			available	exposure

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korea Chemical Control Act. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document group:	27-5349-9	Version number:	4.01
Issue Date:	2018/10/05	Supercedes Date:	2017/04/12

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. 3M MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OR CONDITION OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OR CONDITION ARISING OUT OF A COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING, CUSTOM OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3M product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3M product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3M product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

3M Canada SDSs are available at www.3M.ca