

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Super Duty Rubbing Compound, 5954, 5955, 5956, 39004, 59002

Product Identification Numbers

LB-K000-1080-0 60-4100-0979-3 60-4100-0980-1 60-4400-9518-4 60-4550-5172-6

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Intended Use

Automotive

Specific Use

Painted surface defect repair

Restrictions on use

Not applicable

1.3. Supplier's details

Company: 3M Canada Company **Division:** Automotive Aftermarket

Address: 1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1

Telephone: (800) 364-3577 **Website:** www.3M.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone: (519) 451-2500, Ext. 2222; Transportation Emergency Telephone (CANUTEC): (613) 996-6666

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 4. Carcinogenicity: Category 1A.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms





Hazard statements

Combustible liquid.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: respiratory system

Precautionary statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt | Common Name |
|------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|--|
| Tripoli | 1317-95-9 | 30 - 60 Trade Secret * | Tripoli |
| Water | 7732-18-5 | 10 - 30 | Water |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 7 - 13 Trade Secret * | Stoddard solvent |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum | 64742-47-8 | 2.1 - 9.6 Trade Secret * | Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light |
| Distillates | | | |
| Oleic Acid | 112-80-1 | 1 - 5 | 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)- |

| Pine Oil | 8002-09-3 | 1 - 5 | Oils, pine |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------|--|
| Solvent-Refined Heavy | 64741-88-4 | 1 - 5 | Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined |
| Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | | | heavy paraffinic a solvent extraction |
| | | | process. It consists predominantly of |
| | | | saturated hydrocarbons having carbon |
| | | | numbers predominantly in the range of C20 |
| | | | through C50 and produces a finish oil with |
| | | | a viscosity of at |
| Mineral Oil | 64741-89-5 | < 2 | Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-Refined |
| | | | Light Paraffinic |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan | 9005-65-6 | 0.1 - 1.0 | Sorbitan, mono-9-octadecenoate, poly(oxy- |
| Monooleate | | | 1,2-ethanediyl) derivs., (Z)- |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.3 | Benzene, ethyl- |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | < 0.1 | Naphthalene |

^{*}The actual concentration of this ingredient has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| for the component. | | | | |
|---|------------|--------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | ACGIH | TWA:20 ppm | |
| Tripoli | 1317-95-9 | ACGIH | TWA(respirable fraction):0.025 mg/m3 | |
| Mineral oils (untreated and mildly treated) | 64741-88-4 | ACGIH | Limit value not established: | Cntrl all exposr-low as possib |
| MINERAL OILS, HIGHLY- REFINED OILS | 64741-88-4 | ACGIH | TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3 | |
| Mineral oils (untreated and mildly | 64741-89-5 | ACGIH | Limit value not established: | Cntrl all exposr-low as |

| treated) | | | | possib |
|-----------------------|------------|-------|---------------------------|--------|
| MINERAL OILS, HIGHLY- | 64741-89-5 | ACGIH | TWA(inhalable fraction):5 | |
| REFINED OILS | | | mg/m3 | |
| Kerosine (petroleum) | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH | TWA(as total hydrocarbon | SKIN |
| | | | vapor, non-aerosol):200 | |
| | | | mg/m3 | |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | ACGIH | TWA:100 ppm | |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | ACGIH | TWA:10 ppm | SKIN |

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile Rubber

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquidSpecific Physical Form:Emulsion

Appearance/Odour Petroleum odour, brown viscous liquid.

Odour threshold No Data Available

pH 7.5 - 8.5

Melting point/Freezing point

Not Applicable

Soiling point

Not Applicable

35 °C

Flash Point 71.1 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]

Evaporation rateNo Data AvailableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableFlammable Limits(LEL)No Data AvailableFlammable Limits(UEL)No Data AvailableVapour PressureNo Data AvailableVapour DensityNo Data Available

Density 1.33 g/ml

Relative density 1.33 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

Water solubility

Solubility- non-water

No Data Available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water

No Data Available

Autoignition temperature

No Data Available
No Data Available
Decomposition temperature
No Data Available
No Data Available
Viscosity
14,000 - 18,000 mPa-s
Molecular weight
No Data Available

Volatile Organic Compounds239 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] **Volatile Organic Compounds**16 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]

Percent volatile 44.2 % weight

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 367 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye Contact:

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Silicosis: Signs/symptoms may include breathlessness, weakness, chest pain, persistent cough, increased amounts of sputum, and heart disease.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

| Ingredient | CAS No. | Class Description | Regulation |
|---|------------|--------------------------------|---|
| SILICA, CRYS AIRRESP | 1317-95-9 | Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| SILICA, CRYS AIRRESP | 1317-95-9 | Known human carcinogen | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens |
| Generic: Mineral oils (untreated and mildly | 64741-88-4 | Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| treated) | | | |
| Generic: Mineral oils (untreated and mildly | 64741-88-4 | Known human carcinogen | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens |
| treated) | | | |
| Generic: Mineral oils (untreated and mildly | 64741-89-5 | Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| treated) | | | |
| Generic: Mineral oils (untreated and mildly | 64741-89-5 | Known human carcinogen | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens |
| treated) | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | Anticipated human carcinogen | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens |

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|------------------|-------------|---------|--|
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Tripoli | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Tripoli | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation- | | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l |

| | Vapor | | |
|--|-------------|--------|--|
| Stoddard Solvent | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg |
| Stoddard Solvent | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 > 3 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 |
| Mineral Oil | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Mineral Oil | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 > 4 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| Mineral Oil | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Oleic Acid | Dermal | Guinea | LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg |
| | | pig | |
| Oleic Acid | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 57,000 mg/kg |
| Pine Oil | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Pine Oil | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 38,000 mg/kg |
| Ethylbenzene | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 15,433 mg/kg |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 17.4 mg/l |
| | Vapor (4 | | |
| | hours) | | |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 4,769 mg/kg |
| Naphthalene | Dermal | Human | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Naphthalene | Inhalation- | Human | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l |
| | Vapor | | |
| Naphthalene | Ingestion | Human | LD50 estimated to be 300 - 2,000 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|-----------|---------------------------|
| | | |
| Tripoli | Professio | No significant irritation |
| | nal | |
| | judgeme | |
| | nt | |
| Stoddard Solvent | Rabbit | Irritant |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Mineral Oil | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Oleic Acid | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Pine Oil | Not | Irritant |
| | available | |
| Ethylbenzene | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Naphthalene | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Serious Lye Damage/Ittitation | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Name | Species | Value | | | |
| | • | | | | |
| Stoddard Solvent | Rabbit | No significant irritation | | | |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Rabbit | Mild irritant | | | |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | Rabbit | Mild irritant | | | |
| Mineral Oil | Rabbit | No significant irritation | | | |
| Oleic Acid | Rabbit | Mild irritant | | | |
| Pine Oil | Rabbit | Severe irritant | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | Rabbit | Moderate irritant | | | |
| Naphthalene | Rabbit | No significant irritation | | | |

Skin Sensitization

| L | Name | Sp | ecies | L | Value |
|---|------|----|-------|---|-------|
| | | | | | |

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| Stoddard Solvent | Guinea | Not classified |
|--|--------|----------------|
| | pig | |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |
| Mineral Oil | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |
| Pine Oil | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |
| Ethylbenzene | Human | Not classified |

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|--|----------|--|
| Tripoli | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Tripoli | In vivo | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Stoddard Solvent | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Stoddard Solvent | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Mineral Oil | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Mineral Oil | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Oleic Acid | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Pine Oil | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Pine Oil | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Ethylbenzene | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Ethylbenzene | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--|------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Tripoli | Inhalation | Human and animal | Carcinogenic |
| Stoddard Solvent | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation | Human and animal | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Mineral Oil | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Oleic Acid | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| Oleic Acid | Ingestion | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| Oleic Acid | Not Specified | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | Multiple animal species | Carcinogenic |
| Naphthalene | Inhalation | Multiple animal | Carcinogenic |

D 0 c 12

| 3M TM Super | Duty | Rubbing | Com | pound. | 5954. | 5955 | 5956 | 39004 | 59002 |
|------------------------|-------------|---------|-----|--------|-------|------|------|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| | species | |
|--|---------|--|
| | | |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|------------------|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l | during organogenesi s |
| Pine Oil | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 4.3 mg/l | premating & during gestation |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|--|------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 6.5 mg/l | 4 hours |
| Stoddard Solvent | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professio nal judgeme nt | NOAEL Not available | |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professio nal judgeme nt | NOAEL Not available | |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professio nal judgeme nt | NOAEL Not available | |
| Pine Oil | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Not available | NOAEL Not available | |
| Pine Oil | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | Not classified | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professio nal judgeme nt | NOAEL Not available | |
| Naphthalene | Ingestion | blood | Causes damage to organs | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |

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Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|--|------------|---|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Tripoli | Inhalation | silicosis | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 4.6 mg/l | 6 months |
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 1.9 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.6 mg/l | 90 days |
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair blood liver muscles | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 5.6 mg/l | 12 weeks |
| Stoddard Solvent | Inhalation | heart | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 1.3 mg/l | 90 days |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.21 mg/l | 28 days |
| Mineral Oil | Dermal | hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rabbit | NOAEL 5,000 mg/kg/day | 3 weeks |
| Oleic Acid | Ingestion | liver immune system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,250 mg/kg/day | 108 weeks |
| Oleic Acid | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,550 mg/kg/day | 108 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.4 mg/l | 28 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | auditory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l | 5 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | endocrine system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | gastrointestinal tract | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair muscles | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 4.2 mg/l | 90 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | heart immune system respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day | 6 months |
| Naphthalene | Dermal | blood | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Naphthalene | Dermal | eyes | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Naphthalene | Inhalation | respiratory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 0.01 | 13 weeks |
| Naphthalene | Inhalation | blood | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Naphthalene | Inhalation | eyes | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Naphthalene | Ingestion | blood | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Naphthalene | Ingestion | eyes | May cause damage to organs | Rabbit | LOAEL 500 | 15 days |

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| | though prolonged or repeated | mg/kg/day | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | exposure | | |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|--|-------------------|
| Stoddard Solvent | Aspiration hazard |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Aspiration hazard |
| Solvent-Refined Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates | Aspiration hazard |
| Mineral Oil | Aspiration hazard |
| Ethylbenzene | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korea Chemical Control Act. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Philippines RA 6969 requirements. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. This product complies with Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances. All ingredients are listed on or exempt from on China IECSC inventory.

SECTION 16: Other information

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address

the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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