



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Freeze-Off® Super Penetrant - 326 g
Other means of identification	
Product Code	No. 75222 (Item #1006366)
Recommended use	Penetrant
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufactured or sold by:	
Company name	CRC Canada Co.
Address	83 Galaxy Blvd Unit 35 - 37 Toronto, ON M9W 5X6 Canada
Telephone	
General Information	416-847-7750
24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)	800-424-9300 (Canada)
Website	www.crc-canada.ca
E-mail	Support.CA@crcindustries.com

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
	Physical hazards not otherwise classified	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1A
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves. Avoid release to the environment.

Response	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Other hazards	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as hydrogen fluoride.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle		64742-46-7	15 - 40
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	5 - 10
turpentine, oil		8006-64-2	3 - 7
2-butoxyethanol		111-76-2	1 - 5
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol)		123-42-2	1 - 5
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		64742-48-9	1 - 5
pine oil		8002-09-3	1 - 5

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Headache. Dizziness. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 3 Aerosol. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) (CAS 123-42-2)	TWA	50 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2)	TWA	20 ppm	

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	97 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) (CAS 123-42-2)	TWA	238 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Vapor.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) (CAS 123-42-2)	TWA	50 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Mist.
turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2)	TWA	20 ppm	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) (CAS 123-42-2)	TWA	50 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2)	TWA	20 ppm	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value	
2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) (CAS 123-42-2)	TWA	50 ppm
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	525 mg/m3
turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2)	TWA	20 ppm

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	97 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) (CAS 123-42-2)	TWA	238 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2)	TWA	112 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	

Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21)

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	15 minute	30 ppm	
	8 hour	20 ppm	
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) (CAS 123-42-2)	15 minute	60 ppm	
	8 hour	50 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	15 minute	250 mg/m3	Vapor.
	8 hour	200 mg/m3	Vapor.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	15 minute	10 mg/m3	
	8 hour	5 mg/m3	
turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2)	15 minute	30 ppm	
	8 hour	20 ppm	

Biological limit values
ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
(CAS 64742-47-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
(CAS 64742-47-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
(CAS 64742-47-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Rubber.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Liquid.

Form

Aerosol.

Color

Orange.

Odor

Pine.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

-103 °F (-75 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range

311 °F (155 °C) estimated

Flash point

126 °F (52.2 °C) Tag Closed Cup

Evaporation rate

Slow.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

0.6 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper (%)

10.6 % estimated

Vapor pressure

5180.5 hPa estimated

Vapor density

> 1 (air = 1)

Relative density

0.88 estimated

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

428 °F (220 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Percent volatile	97.7 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hydrogen fluoride. Carbon oxides. Aldehydes. Ketones. Organic acids.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Headache. Dizziness. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
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Components	Species	Test Results
2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	220 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	470 mg/kg
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) (CAS 123-42-2)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	13500 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	4 g/kg
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, 2.5 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	3590 mg/l, 1 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5760 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

ACGIH sensitization

TURPENTINE AND SELECTED MONOTERPENES (CAS 8006-64-2) Dermal sensitization

Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Irritant

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) (CAS 123-42-2) Irritant

Canada - Manitoba OELs Hazard: Dermal sensitization

turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2) Dermal sensitization

Canada - Quebec OELs: Sensitizer

turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2) Sensitizer.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs Hazard Data: Sensitiser

turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2) Sensitizer.

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

ACGIH Carcinogens

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

turpentine, oil (CAS 8006-64-2) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina) 1250 mg/l, 96 hours
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol) (CAS 123-42-2)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 8750 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 420 mg/l, 96 hours
		Goldfish (Carassius auratus) > 5000 mg/l, 24 hours
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
Aquatic		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) > 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-butoxyethanol	0.83
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one (diacetone alcohol)	-0.098

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Empty container can be recycled. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

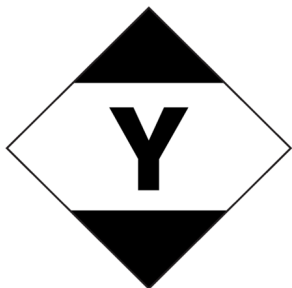
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	80

IATA

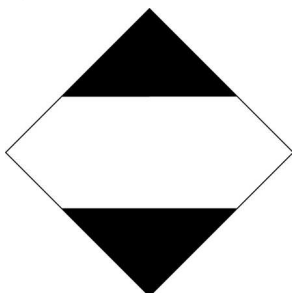
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
EmS	Not available.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA



IMDG; TDG



15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date 09-06-2019

Version # 01

Further information CRC # 447C/1002440

Disclaimer The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety professional, or CRC Canada Co..

Revision information Product and Company Identification: Product Codes
Hazard identification: Other hazards
Accidental release measures: Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Accidental release measures: Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Handling and storage: Precautions for safe handling
Handling and storage: Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties
Physical and chemical properties: Oxidizing properties
Physical and chemical properties: Explosive properties
Ecological Information: Ecotoxicity
Other information: Disclaimer
Other information: Further information
GHS: Classification