



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Jump Start® Starting Fluid with Lubricity - 311 g
Other means of identification	
Product Code	No. 75671 (Item# 1006399)
Recommended use	Starting fluid
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufactured or sold by:	
Company name	CRC Canada Co.
Address	83 Galaxy Blvd Unit 35 - 37 Toronto, ON M9W 5X6 Canada
Telephone	
General Information	416-847-7750
24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)	800-424-9300 (Canada)
Website	www.crc-canada.ca
E-mail	Support.CA@crcindustries.com

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Response	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Other hazards	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear		426260-76-6	65 - 85
diethyl ether		60-29-7	10 - 30
carbon dioxide		124-38-9	5 - 10
ethanol		64-17-5	< 1.5
chloroethane		75-00-3	0.1 - 1
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	0.1 - 1

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	1000 ppm
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value	Form
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m ³	
		30000 ppm	
	TWA	9000 mg/m ³	
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	5000 ppm	
		264 mg/m ³	
		100 ppm	

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value	Form
diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	1520 mg/m3 500 ppm	
	TWA	1210 mg/m3 400 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Vapor.
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1880 mg/m3 1000 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value	Form
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	15000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	100 ppm
diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	100 ppm
diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

Components	Type	Value
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
		30000 ppm
	TWA	9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	2640 mg/m3

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

Components	Type	Value
		1000 ppm
diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	1520 mg/m3
		500 ppm
	TWA	1210 mg/m3
		400 ppm
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1880 mg/m3
		1000 ppm

Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21)

Components	Type	Value	Form
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	15 minute	30000 ppm	
	8 hour	5000 ppm	
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	15 minute	125 ppm	
	8 hour	100 ppm	
diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	15 minute	500 ppm	
	8 hour	400 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	15 minute	250 mg/m3	Vapor.
	8 hour	200 mg/m3	Vapor.
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	15 minute	1250 ppm	
	8 hour	1000 ppm	

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.
 distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.
 distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.
 distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Butyl rubber.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Hydrocarbon-like.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-189.9 °F (-123.3 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	94.3 °F (34.6 °C) estimated
Flash point	< 20 °F (< -6.7 °C) Tag Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	Fast.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	0.5 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	36.5 % estimated
Vapor pressure	5024.7 hPa estimated
Vapor density	> 1 (air = 1)
Relative density	0.7
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Slightly soluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	320 °F (160 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	< 20 cSt (104 °F (40 °C))
Other information	
Percent volatile	100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Aluminum.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Acrid smoke.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
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Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components	Species	Test Results
diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	32000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3230 - 3920 mg/kg
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, 2.5 hours
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8000 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	6200 mg/kg 6.2 g/kg
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (CAS 426260-76-6)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 60 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

ACGIH Carcinogens

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information**Ecotoxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components**Species****Test Results**

diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)

Aquatic*Fish*

LC50

Fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*)

2560 mg/l, 96 hours

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Aquatic*Acute**Crustacea*

EC50

Water flea (*Daphnia magna*)

> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish

LC50

Rainbow trout,donaldson trout
(*Oncorhynchus mykiss*)

> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours

ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Aquatic*Acute**Crustacea*

EC50

Water flea (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*)

5012 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish

LC50

Rainbow trout,donaldson trout
(*Oncorhynchus mykiss*)

> 10000 mg/l, 96 hours

heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (CAS 426260-76-6)

Aquatic*Acute**Crustacea*

EC50

Water flea (*Daphnia magna*)

1.5 mg/l, 48 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability**Bioaccumulative potential****Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

chloroethane

1.43

diethyl ether

0.89

ethanol

-0.31

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations**Disposal instructions**

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Empty container can be recycled. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information**TDG**

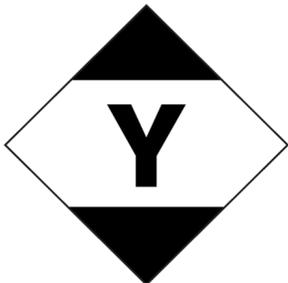
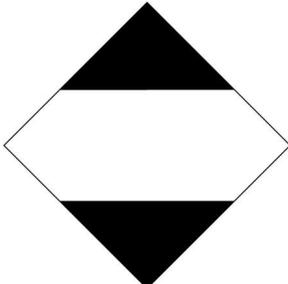
UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group Not applicable.
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions 80

IATA

UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group Not applicable.
ERG Code 10L
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information
Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group Not applicable.
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant No.
EmS Not available.
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA**IMDG; TDG**

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Precursor Control Regulations

diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7) Class B

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date 08-27-2019

Version # 01

Disclaimer The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety professional, or CRC Canada Co..

Revision information

Product and Company Identification: Product Codes
Accidental release measures: Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Accidental release measures: Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Handling and storage: Precautions for safe handling
Handling and storage: Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties
Physical and chemical properties: Oxidizing properties
Physical and chemical properties: Explosive properties
Transport Information: Material Transportation Information
GHS: Classification