Material Safety Data Sheet

According to the Controlled Product Regulations

1. MATERIAL AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name : Pennzoil Brake Fluid DOT 4/3

Uses : Brake fluid. Product Code : 001B1261

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Canada Products

400 - 4th Avenue S.W Calgary AB T2P 0J4

Canada

Telephone : (+1) 8006611600 **Fax** : (+1) 4033848345

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC (24 hr) : CHEMTREC (24 hr): (+1) 800-424-9300 CANUTEC (24 hr) : CANUTEC (24 hr): (+1) 613-996-6666

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Preparation Description : Mixture of polyalkylene glycol monoalkyl ethers and ester

derivatives.

WHMIS Controlled Ingredients

Chemical Identity	CAS No.	Conc. W/W	
Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether	143-22-6	< 5.00 %	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	< 5.00 %	

Refer to chapter 16 for full text of EC R-phrases.

Refer to Chapter 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION



WHMIS Class/Description : Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Eye Irritant

Routes of Exposure : Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure

although exposure may occur through inhalation or following

accidental ingestion.

Health Hazards : May cause slight irritation to skin. Moderately irritating to eyes.

Signs and Symptoms : Data not available

Safety Hazards : Not classified as flammable but will burn.
Environmental Hazards : Not classified as dangerous for the environment.

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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Information Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

: Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport Inhalation

to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

Skin Contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water

and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent

irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least **Eye Contact**

15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Transport to the

nearest medical facility for additional treatment. Ingestion If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest

medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs

spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

Advice to Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Flash point : > 100 °C / 212 °F Upper / lower : Data not available

Flammability or **Explosion limits**

Auto ignition temperature **Hazardous Combustion**

Products and Specific

Hazards

 $: > 300 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} / 572 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$

Material will not burn unless preheated. Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and

liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide.

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical

powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small

Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus

fires only.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

Protective Equipment for

Firefighters

Additional Advice

must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protective Measures : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containment

> to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or

other appropriate barriers.

Do not use water in a jet.

Clean Up Methods Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately.

Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay,

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sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. Transfer to a salvage

tank for recovery or safe disposal.

Additional Advice : Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions : Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine

appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of

this material.

Handling : Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling

vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment

should be used.

Storage : Tanks must be clean, dry and rust-free. Keep container tightly

closed. Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of strict procedures and precautions. Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high. Storage Temperature: Ambient. 60 °C

maximum

Product Transfer : Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not pressurize

drum containers to empty.

Recommended Materials: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high

density polyethylene. Stainless steel. Carbon steel.

Unsuitable Materials : PVC.

Additional Information : Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high

temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

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Occupational Exposure Limits

Exposure Controls: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary

depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls

based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or

mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne

concentrations to be generated.

Personal Protective

Equipment

Respiratory Protection

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet

recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers. No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal

conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours [boiling point

>65°C(149 °F)].

Hand Protection : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Eye Protection Protective Clothing

Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles).

Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue

work clothes.

Monitoring Methods : Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing

zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also

be appropriate.

Environmental Exposure

Controls

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local

environmental legislation.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Pale yellow. Liquid at room temperature.

Odour : Ethereal.

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Odour threshold : Data not available pH : Typical 7.5 - 11.5 Initial Boiling Point and : > 260 °C / 500 °F

Boiling Range

Melting / freezing point : -47.22 °C / -53.00 °F

Vapour pressure : > 0.10 mmHg Specific gravity : Data not available

Density : Typical 1,030 - 1,070 kg/m3

Water solubility : Miscible.

n-octanol/water partition : Data not available

coefficient (log Pow)

Kinematic viscosity : Typical 770 mm2/s at -40 °C / -40 °F

Typical 2.2 mm2/s at 100 °C / 212 °F

Vapour density (air=1) : Data not available Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1) : Data not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable. Hygroscopic.Conditions to Avoid: Exposure to water vapour.Materials to Avoid: Mineral oils. Water vapour.

Hazardous : Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form

Decomposition Products during normal storage.

Hazardous : No

Polymerisation

Sensitivity to Mechanical

Impact

Sensitivity to Static

Discharge

: No

: No

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment : Information given is based on data on the components and the

toxicology of similar products.

Routes of Exposure : Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure

although exposure may occur through inhalation or following

accidental ingestion.

Acute Oral Toxicity : Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat.

Acute Dermal Toxicity : Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity : Expected to be of low toxicity: LC50 > 5 mg/l , 4 h , Rat.

Skin Irritation : Expected to be non-irritating to skin.

Eye Irritation : Expected to be moderately irritating to eyes. **Respiratory Irritation** : Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.

Sensitisation : Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Repeated Dose Toxicity : Not expected to be a hazard.

Mutagenicity : Not expected to be mutagenic.
Carcinogenicity : Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Reproductive and : Not expected to be a hazard.

Developmental Toxicity

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Acute Toxicity : Expected to be practically non toxic:LL/EL/IL50 > 1

: Expected to be practically non toxic:LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l(to aquatic organisms)(LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount

of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).

Mobility : Liquid under most environmental conditions. Dissolves in

water. If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may

contaminate groundwater.

Persistence/degradability : Major constituents are expected to be inherently

biodegradable, but the product contains components that may

persist in the environment.

Bioaccumulation : Not expected to bioaccumulate significantly.

Other Adverse Effects : Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not

expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical

ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material Disposal : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the

waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in

drains or in water courses.

Container Disposal : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to

a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Local Legislation : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification

This product is not regulated under the Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by road and rail.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

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This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class/Description : Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Eye Irritant

Inventory Status

EINECS : All components

listed or polymer

exempt.

TSCA : All components

listed.

DSL : All components

listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS Version Number : 2.1

MSDS Effective Date : 2015-01-09

MSDS Revisions : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

MSDS Regulation : The content and format of this (M)SDS is in accordance with

the Controlled Product Regulations.

Uses and Restrictions : Use only as hydraulic fluid in vehicle brake and clutch

systems. Do not mix with silicone type or silicate ester type

brake fluids.

MSDS Distribution : The information in this document should be made available to

all who may handle the product.

Disclaimer : The information contained herein is based on our current

knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to

be obtained from the use of the product.