JOHNSEN'S RADIATOR FLUSH 12 FL.OZ.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 12/13/2017 Supersedes:02/09/2017 Version: 1.36

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : JOHNSEN'S RADIATOR FLUSH 12 FL.OZ.

Product code : 4917

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Radiator Conditioner and Cleaner

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Technical Chemical Company
P.O. BOX 139
Cleburne, Texas 76033
T 817-645-6088

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC 24 Hour 1-800-424-9300, 1-703-527-3887 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Skin Irrit. 2 H315
Eye Irrit. 2 H319
Skin Sens. 1 H317

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS07

Signal word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H315 - Causes skin irritation
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P261 - Avoid breathing dust,fume,gas,mist,vapor spray
P264 - Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace
P280 - Wear protective gloves,protective clothing,eye protection,face protection
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P321 - Specific treatment: See section 4.1 on SDS
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None under normal conditions.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	85 - 95	Not classified
Sodium Dihydrogen Orthophosphate, Monohydrate	(CAS No) 10049-21-5	1 - 5	Not classified
Sodium Hydroxide, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution	(CAS No) 1310-73-2	1 - 5	Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Sodium-2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution	(CAS No) 2492-26-4	0.98 - 1.02	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317
Sodium Nitrate	(CAS No) 7631-99-4	< 1	Ox. Sol. 3, H272 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
Disodium Metasilicate, Pentahydrate	(CAS No) 10213-79-3	< 1	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 STOT SE 3, H335
Disodium Tetraborate, Decahydrate	(CAS No) 1303-96-4	< 1	Not classified
Pluronic L-61 Surfactant	(CAS No) Proprietary	< 1	Not classified

The exact percentage is a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : Allow victim to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Itching. Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Irritation of the eye tissue. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue. Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No additional information available

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Dam up the liquid spill. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Avoid breathing dust,fume,gas,mist,vapor spray.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Remove contaminated clothes. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Follow Label Directions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Disodium Tetraborate, Decahydrate (1303-96-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (Borate compounds, inorganic; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value; Inhalable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³ (Borate compounds, inorganic; USA; Short time value; TLV - Adopted Value; Inhalable fraction)

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Local exhaust venilation, vent hoods . Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Personal protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Materials for protective clothing : GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE:

Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate mask.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

Consumer exposure controls : Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : Liquid.

Color : Colourless to light yellow.

Odor : Mild . Characteristic. Bland.

Odor threshold : No data available

pH : 10.8 - 11.2

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	100 °C
Flash point	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	1.03
Solubility	:	Soluble in water.
Log Pow	:	No data available
Log Kow	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 0 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic fume. . Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Sodium-2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution (2492-26-4)	
LD50 oral rat	5200 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	5010 mg/kg

Disodium Tetraborate, Decahydrate (1303-96-4)	
LD50 oral rat	2660 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Sodium Nitrate (7631-99-4)	
LD50 oral rat	1270 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Experimental value; 3430 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat)
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Read-across; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Sodium Dihydrogen Orthophosphate, Monohydrate (10049-21-5)	
LD50 oral rat	8290 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
pH: 10.8 - 11.2

Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Causes serious eye irritation. pH: 10.8 - 11.2
Respiratory or skin sensitization	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	:	Not classified
Carcinogenicity	:	Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	:	Not classified
Aspiration hazard	:	Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	:	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	:	Itching. Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	:	Irritation of the eye tissue. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue. Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	:	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Disodium Metasilicate, Pentahydrate (10213-79-3)	
LC50 fish 1	210 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)
EC50 Daphnia 1	216 mg/l (EC50; 96 h)

Disodium Tetraborate, Decahydrate (1303-96-4)	
LC50 fish 1	100 - 1000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)
EC50 Daphnia 1	141 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)
LC50 fish 2	1900 mg/l (LC50)
Threshold limit algae 1	158 mg/l (EC50; 96 h)

Sodium Nitrate (7631-99-4)	
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	> 1700 mg/l (10 days; Algae; EC50; Other)
LC50 fish 2	4650 mg/l (LC50; Other; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 2	7240 mg/l (EC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 24 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)

Sodium Dihydrogen Orthophosphate, Monohydrate (10049-21-5)	
LC50 fish 1	> 2400 mg/l (LC50; 48 h)
EC50 Daphnia 1	126 ppm (TLm; 72 h)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

JOHNSEN'S RADIATOR FLUSH 12 FL.OZ.	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Water (7732-18-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Pluronic L-61 Surfactant (Proprietary)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in water: no data available.

Sodium-2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution (2492-26-4)	
Persistence and degradability	No (test)data on mobility of the components available.

Disodium Metasilicate, Pentahydrate (10213-79-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable

Disodium Tetraborate, Decahydrate (1303-96-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. Adsorbs into the soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable

Sodium Nitrate (7631-99-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable

Sodium Dihydrogen Orthophosphate, Monohydrate (10049-21-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

JOHNSEN'S RADIATOR FLUSH 12 FL.OZ.	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Water (7732-18-5)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Pluronic L-61 Surfactant (Proprietary)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.

Sodium-2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution (2492-26-4)	
Log Pow	-0.46
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.

Disodium Metasilicate, Pentahydrate (10213-79-3)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.

Disodium Tetraborate, Decahydrate (1303-96-4)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

Sodium Nitrate (7631-99-4)	
Log Pow	-3.8
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.

Sodium Dihydrogen Orthophosphate, Monohydrate (10049-21-5)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Disodium Tetraborate, Decahydrate (1303-96-4)	
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

US DOT (ground): Not Regulated,

ICAO/IATA (air): Not Regulated,

IMO/IMDG (water): Not Regulated,

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not Regulated

14.3. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Overland transport

No additional information available

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

JOHNSEN'S RADIATOR FLUSH 12 FL.OZ.	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard

Sodium Hydroxide, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution **(1310-73-2)**	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard

Sodium-2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution **(2492-26-4)**	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Disodium Metasilicate, Pentahydrate (10213-79-3)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Sodium Hydroxide, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution **(1310-73-2)**	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material

Disodium Metasilicate, Pentahydrate (10213-79-3)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Disodium Tetraborate, Decahydrate (1303-96-4)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

Sodium Nitrate (7631-99-4)	
WHMIS Classification	Class C - Oxidizing Material Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

EU-Regulations

Disodium Metasilicate, Pentahydrate (10213-79-3)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

O; R8
Xi; R36/38

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

15.2.2. National regulations

Disodium Metasilicate, Pentahydrate (10213-79-3)

15.3. US State regulations

JOHNSEN'S RADIATOR FLUSH 12 FL.OZ.	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No

Water (7732-18-5)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)

Water (7732-18-5)				
No	No	No	No	

Pluronic L-61 Surfactant (Proprietary)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Sodium Hydroxide, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution **(1310-73-2)**				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Sodium-2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution **(2492-26-4)**				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Disodium Metasilicate, Pentahydrate (10213-79-3)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Disodium Tetraborate, Decahydrate (1303-96-4)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Sodium Nitrate (7631-99-4)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Sodium Dihydrogen Orthophosphate, Monohydrate (10049-21-5)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Sodium Hydroxide, Conc=50%, Aqueous Solution **(1310-73-2)**

State or local regulations

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances
Rhode Island Right to Know

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases:

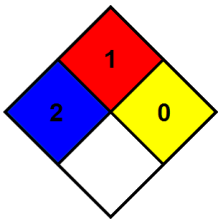
H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H401	Toxic to aquatic life

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard

Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

Personal Protection : B

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - TCC

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this SDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product

Disclaimer: The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests believed to be reliable. However, the manufacturer/distributor of this product does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness NOR SHALL ANY OF THIS INFORMATION CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE SAFETY OF THE GOODS, THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS, OR THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. The manufacturer/distributor assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied. Published by Melissa Hutchinson