



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date 20-Dec-2016

Version 12

Supersedes Date: 19-Jul-2016

### Section 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name** UNI CX ENML ROYAL BLUE 12OZ 6UC  
**Product Code** 483.030E102.076  
**UN/ID no** UN1950  
**Recommended Use** Aerosol, Paint

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

*See section 16 for more information*

The Valspar Corporation  
PO Box 1461  
Minneapolis, MN 55440

Valspar Industries, Inc.  
1915 Second St. W.  
Cornwall, Ontario K6H 5R6

**E-mail address** [msds@valspar.com](mailto:msds@valspar.com)

**Emergency telephone number** 1-888-345-5732

### Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

#### HAZARD STATEMENTS

Flammable aerosol Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Suspected of causing cancer Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Causes skin irritation

#### WHMIS Hazard Class

B5 - Flammable aerosol

A Compressed gases

D2A - Very toxic materials

D2B - Toxic materials



Signal word

DANGER

## PREVENTION

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Obtain special instructions before use Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

## RESPONSE

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

### Eyes

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

### Skin

Rinse skin with water/shower If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

### Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

## STORAGE

Protect from sunlight Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place

## DISPOSAL

Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulations

## Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	weight-%
Acetone	67-64-1	25 - 50
Propane	74-98-6	10 - 25
Butane	106-97-8	10 - 25
Isobutyl acetate	110-19-0	5 - 10
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	3 - 5
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	64742-89-8	3 - 5
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	1 - 3
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1 - 3
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	1 - 3
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	1 - 3
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.3

## Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### First Aid Measures

#### General advice

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

#### Eye contact

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

#### Skin Contact

Rinse skin with water/shower If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

#### Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

**Symptoms** No information available.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Note to physicians** Treat symptomatically.

**Section 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Flammable properties** Flammable liquid.

**flash point** -31 °F / -35 °C

**Upper flammability limit:** No information available

**Lower flammability limit:** No information available

**Autoignition temperature** No information available

**Explosion data**

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available.  
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available.

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

Not to be used for safety reasons: Strong water jet

**Hazardous combustion products** Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

Burning produces heavy smoke. Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

**Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****Personal precautions**

Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewage, inform appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods for containment**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

**Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### Advice on safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapor in air and avoid vapor concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Never use pressure to empty container. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Prevent product from entering drains. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

### General Hygiene Considerations

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

### Storage Conditions

Keep/store only in original container. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

## Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Exposure Guidelines

#### Exposure Limits

If S\* appears in the OEL table, it indicates this chemical contains a skin notation.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWA	Quebec	OSHA PEL
Acetone 67-64-1	STEL: 500 ppm TWA: 250 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 750 ppm STEL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 250 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1190 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 1000 ppm STEL: 2380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Propane 74-98-6	TWA: 1000 ppm See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Butane 106-97-8	STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 600 ppm STEL: 750 ppm	TWA: 800 ppm STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 800 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Isobutyl acetate 110-19-0	TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 150 ppm TWA: 700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8			TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> S*			
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0	STEL: 400 ppm TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 492 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 400 ppm STEL: 984 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 985 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total dust
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	STEL: 200 ppm TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 200 ppm STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm STEL: 200 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 200 ppm STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 150 ppm TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Engineering Controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Provide local exhaust ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

### Personal Protective Equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

#### Hand Protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. Ensure that the breakthrough time of the glove material is not exceeded. Refer to glove supplier for information on breakthrough time for specific gloves. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical / chemical damage and poor maintenance. Wear protective gloves.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear anti-static clothing made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators

#### Thermal Protection

No information available

#### Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

## Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Aerosol
Appearance	No information available
Odor	Solvent
Color	blue
Odor Threshold	No information available
pH value	No information available
Melting point/freezing point	No information available
Boiling point / boiling range	No information available °C / °F
flash point	-35 °C / -31 °F
evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available
Flammability Limit in Air	
Upper flammability limit:	No information available
Lower flammability limit:	No information available
Vapor Pressure	No information available
vapor density	No information available
Density (lbs per US gallon)	6.06
specific gravity	No information available
Solubility(ies)	Not Determined
Partition coefficient	No information available
Autoignition temperature	No information available
Decomposition temperature	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	No information available
Dynamic viscosity	No information available

#### Other information

## Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Incompatible materials	Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.

Hazardous polymerization

None under normal processing.

## Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on toxicological effects

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation

#### Skin Contact

Causes skin irritation

#### Ingestion

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

#### Inhalation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

### Numerical measures of toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acetone	= 5800 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	= 50100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 8 h
Propane	-	-	= 658 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h
Butane	-	-	= 658 g/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 4 h
Isobutyl acetate	= 15400 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 17400 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	> 5000 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 2000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	> 5.2 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	-	= 3000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	> 5000 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 3160 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 73680 ppm ( Rat ) 4 h
Isopropyl alcohol	= 1870 mg/kg ( Rat )	= 4059 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 4 h
Titanium dioxide	> 10000 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	-
n-Butyl acetate	= 10768 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 17600 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 390 ppm ( Rat ) 4 h
Ethylbenzene	= 3500 mg/kg ( Rat )	= 15400 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 17.2 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation
Skin sensitization	Not applicable
Respiratory sensitization	Not applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not applicable
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer
Reproductive Toxicity	Not applicable
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Not applicable
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable

### Carcinogenicity

According to IARC, Volume 93, no significant exposure to primary particles of titanium dioxide is thought to occur from use in paints since the pigment is bound to other materials.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Titanium dioxide		Group 2B		X
Ethylbenzene	A3	Group 2B		X

#### ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

#### IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

#### OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

## Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Environmental precautions                      Prevent product from entering drains.

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Acetone	-	6210 - 8120 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50 = 8300 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50	12600 - 12700 mg/L Daphnia magna 48h EC50 10294 - 17704 mg/L Daphnia magna 48h EC50
Propane	-	-	-
Butane	-	-	-
Isobutyl acetate	-	101 - 123 mg/L Leuciscus idus melanotus 48h LC50 = 101 mg/L Leuciscus idus melanotus 48h LC50	= 168 mg/L Daphnia magna 24h EC50
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	-	= 2.2 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50 = 45 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50 = 2.4 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50	= 4720 mg/L Den-dronereides heteropoda 96h LC50
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	= 4700 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h EC50	-	-
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	-	-	= 2.6 mg/L Chaetogammarus marinus 96h LC50
Isopropyl alcohol	> 1000 mg/L Desmodesmus subspicatus 72 h EC50 > 1000 mg/L Desmodesmus subspicatus 96 h EC50	= 9640 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50 > 1400000 µg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50 = 11130 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50	= 13299 mg/L Daphnia magna 48h EC50
Titanium dioxide	-	-	-
n-Butyl acetate	= 674.7 mg/L Desmodesmus subspicatus 72 h EC50	= 62 mg/L Leuciscus idus 96h LC50 = 100 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50 17 - 19 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50	= 72.8 mg/L Daphnia magna 24h EC50
Ethylbenzene	= 4.6 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h EC50 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h EC50 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h EC50 > 438 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h EC50	= 32 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50 = 9.6 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96h LC50 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50 = 4.2 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50 7.55 - 11 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50	1.8 - 2.4 mg/L Daphnia magna 48h EC50

**Persistence and degradability**                      No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**    No information available.

**Mobility**    No information available.

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)
Acetone	-0.24
Propane	2.3
Butane	2.89
Isobutyl acetate	1.72
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	-
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	-
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	-
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05
Titanium dioxide	-
n-Butyl acetate	1.81
Ethylbenzene	3.118

### Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<b>Waste from residues/unused products</b>	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and illegal.

### Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN/ID no	<u>TDG</u> UN1950	<u>IMDG</u> UN1950	<u>IATA</u> UN1950
<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable
<b>Hazard Class</b>	2.1	2.1	2.1
<b>Packing Group</b>			
<b>Environmental hazard</b>	Not applicable		
<b>Special Provisions</b>		<b>EmS-No</b> F-D, S-U	
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code</b>		No information available	

*The supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid (49 CFR 173.150(f)); Consumer Commodity (49 CFR 173.150(c), ICAO/IATA SP A112); Limited Quantity (49 CFR 173.150(b), ICAO Part 3 Chapter 4, IATA 2.7, IMDG Chapter 3.4); Viscous Liquid (49 CFR 173.121(b), IMDG 2.3.2.2, IATA 3.3.3.1.1, ICAO 3.2.2, ADR 2.2.3.1.5); Does Not Sustain Combustion (49 CFR 173.120(a), IATA 3.3.1.3, ICAO 3.1.3, IMDG 2.3.1.3, ADR 2.2.3.1.1 Note 1); or others as allowed under hazardous materials/dangerous goods regulations.*

### Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### International Inventories

<b>TSCA</b> - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory	All components are listed or exempt from listing
<b>DSL</b> - Canadian Domestic Substances List	All components are listed or exempt from listing
<b>This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR</b>	

#### WHMIS Hazard Class

B5 - Flammable aerosol  
A - Compressed gases  
D2A - Very toxic materials  
D2B - Toxic materials



Chemical Name	Canada - NPRI (National Pollutant Release Inventory)
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Acetone	Part 4 Substance (as set out in Section 65 of the List of Toxic Substances in Schedule 1 of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999)
Propane	Part 5, Individual Substances
Butane	Part 5, Isomer Groups Part 4 Substance (as set out in Section 65 of the List of Toxic Substances in Schedule 1 of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999)
Isobutyl acetate	Part 4 Substance (as set out in Section 65 of the List of Toxic Substances in Schedule 1 of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999)
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	Part 5, Other Groups and Mixtures
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	Part 5, Other Groups and Mixtures
Isopropyl alcohol	Part 1, Group A Substance; Part 5, Individual Substances
n-Butyl acetate	Part 5, Individual Substances
Ethylbenzene	Part 1, Group A Substance

### **GHS - Classification**

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable aerosols	Category 2
Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas

### **Label elements**



**Signal word**

**DANGER**

### **HAZARD STATEMENTS**

Flammable aerosol  
 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
 Causes serious eye irritation  
 Suspected of causing cancer  
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

### **PREVENTION**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

### **RESPONSE**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Eyes**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Skin**

Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Inhalation**

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

**Ingestion**

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**STORAGE**

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Protect from sunlight.

**DISPOSAL**

Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulations.

**HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (HNOC)**

Propellant is classified as a simple asphyxiant if released in large quantities: May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

**OTHER HAZARDS**

Not applicable.

**UNKNOWN ACUTE TOXICITY** 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

**Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION****HMIS**

**Health hazards** 3\*

\* = Chronic Health Hazard

**Flammability** 4

**Physical hazards** 0

**Personal Protection** X

**Supplier Address**

Valspar Consumer	The Valspar Corporation	Valspar Plasti-Kote
Headquarters	4999 36th St.	1636 Shawsone Dr.
8725 W. Higgins Rd. Suite	Grand Rapids, MI 49512	Mississauga, Ontario L4W 1N7
1000	800-253-3957	905-671-8333
Chicago, IL 60631		
773-628-5500		

**Prepared By** Product Stewardship

**Revision date** 20-Dec-2016

**Revision Note** No information available

**Disclaimer**

The information on this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is based on the present state of our knowledge, current national legislation and guidelines. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's knowledge and control the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. This SDS should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical performance or suitability for particular applications. UNLESS SUPPLIER AGREES OTHERWISE IN WRITING, SUPPLIER MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE OR FREEDOM FROM PATENT INFRINGEMENT. SUPPLIER WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**