SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 21 September 2020

Version 14.02

Section 1. Identification

Product name : 1K AEROSOL PRIMER SURFACER-GRAY

Product code : SUA1045

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier : PPG Canada Inc.

2301 Royal Windsor Drive Mississauga, ON L5J 1K5

Canada

+1 888-310-4762

PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272 : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)

Emergency telephone

<u>number</u>

(514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

Technical Phone Number: 1-800-647-6050

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

GHS label elements

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Section 2. Hazard identification

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response

: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, Continue rinsing. If eve irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

Contents under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. Do not puncture or incinerate. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 30.2% (oral), 36.5% (dermal), 25.9% (inhalation)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Product name

1K AEROSOL PRIMER SURFACER-GRAY

Other means of identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
acetone	Not available.	15 - 40*	67-64-1
propane	Not available.	7 - 13*	74-98-6
butane	Not available.	7 - 13*	106-97-8
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Not available.	5 - 10*	98-56-6
butanone	Not available.	3 - 7*	78-93-3
barium sulfate	Not available.	1 - 5*	7727-43-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Not available.	1 - 5*	14807-96-6
titanium dioxide	Not available.	1 - 5*	13463-67-7
toluene	Not available.	1 - 5*	108-88-3

^{*}Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eve contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Ingestion

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering

redness

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Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Special precautions

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
acetone	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	10/2019).
	TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).
	TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 1190 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEV: 2380 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.

propane

butane

4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene

butanone

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).

TWAEV: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 10/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).

TWAEV: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

10/2019). Explosive potential.

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

IPEL (PPG). TWA: 0.57 ppm STEL: 1.71 ppm

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

15 min OEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 10/2019).

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).

STEV: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

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barium sulfate

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 10/2019).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).

TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Respirable dust.

TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total

dust

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 10/2019).

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada).**

TWA: 2 ppb Form: Respirable TWA: 2 mg/m³ Form: Respirable

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).

TWAEV: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Respirable dust.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Respirable particulate

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 10/2019).

TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).**

TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Skin sensitizer.

8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dust **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin.

8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres

titanium dioxide

toluene

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CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 10/2019).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).

Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

Recommended monitoring: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), nitrile rubber, Chloroprene, butyl rubber

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Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: <35°C (<95°F)

Appearance

Boiling point

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Not available.
Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Melting point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: -20°C (-4°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Evaporation rate: Not available.Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 0.83 Density (lbs / gal) : 6.93

Solubility : Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)

Volatility : 92% (v/v), 79.635% (w/w)

% Solid. (w/w) : 20.365

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray
Heat of combustion : 24.93 kJ/g

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	76000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	33080 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Eyes Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene titanium dioxide toluene	-	2B 2B 3	- - -

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
butanone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
propane	Category 2	-	-
butane	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, peripheral nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, adrenal, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

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Product name 1K AEROSOL PRIMER SURFACER-GRAY

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : There are no date

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged

or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
1K AEROSOL PRIMER SURFACER-GRAY	33508.1	13420.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
acetone	5800	15800	N/A	76	N/A
butane	N/A	N/A	N/A	658	N/A
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	2500	N/A	33.08	N/A
butanone	2737	6480	N/A	N/A	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours 48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
acetone	-	90.9 % - Readily - 2	8 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
acetone toluene	-		-		Readily Readily

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Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0.24	3	low
propane	2.36	-	low
butane	2.89	-	low
butanone	0.29	-	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class (es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	Not applicable.

Additional information

TDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

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Section 14. Transport information

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Proof of classification statement

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

Section 15. Regulatory information

National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL) : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Flammability: 4 Physical hazards: Health:

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: Flammability: 4 Instability: 0 2

Date of issue/Date of

Organization that prepared

revision

: EHS

the MSDS

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

21 September 2020

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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